# MGNREGA – AN ALTERNATIVE TO MIGRATION CASE STUDY ON IGATPURI BLOCK

## Mr. GANJAVE PRASHANT TUKRAM

Assistant Professor, Department of Economics , Balwant College, Vita

### Dr. PAWASE VISHAL BHAUSAHEB

Assistant Professor, Department of Economics ,Waghere College, Saswad

### Abstract

The present study on Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee act (MGNREGA) is alternative to seasonal rural to urban migration in the context of paddy farmers in Igatpuri MG-nrega Block. And this study of Rural to urban Migration in Igatpuri Block has given to some interesting conclusion. As far as Rural to Urban migration is concerned, insignificant numbers of paddy farmers in igatpuri block. In India there is rapid change in the migration due to the different reasons but in India their no migration policy yet, in India context there are Pull and Push factors are affecting to migration i.e. migration is a function of push and pull factors the push factors are unemployment lack of lack of land holding of infrastructure development poverty unemployment low wages these are the first factor are seen in the rural economy let's see the push factors which pulling the people in the urban areas like standard of living city life demonstration effect child future these are the full factor created by urban areas which leads to the urbanization in the

### Introduction

Migration is the natura phenomenon. Indian context we will see in the trends of internal migration rapidly increase after the We discuss the migration defect on the people who migrate and also see the policy making for the internal migration what should be step for government should be taken into consideration in case study we will see how seasonal migration can we control by the MG-NREGA scheme after implementation it give their positive effect in the economy for creating a job but it is not the solution for the internal migration because migration is the natural.

In india the large number of rural to urban migration done, but still there is no migration policy for rural to urban migration. and MG-nerga is shows the positive impact on seasonal rural to urban. In Igatpuri mainly the farmers are depending on the monsoon, and their livelihood are fishing farming and animal husbandry, handicraft. They are busy in kharif season for snowing the paddy crops. After kharif season off the paddy farmers are searching work in urban area. This phenomenal cause due to forces seasonable migration. This is called as force full migration which is lead to rural to urban migration in India. Here the push factors are more dominant as compare to pull factors.

# Research Methodology

This present study of Rural to urban Migration in Igatpuri Block of has been carried out with the help of collection of the Primary and secondary data. The primary survey is mainly of

நவீனத் தமிழாய்வு (பன்னாட்டுப் பன்முகத் தமிழ் காலாண்டு ஆய்விதழ்) 23-24 டிசம்பர் 2021 - சிறப்பிதழ் (ISSN: 2321-984X) Modem Thamizh Research (A Quarterly International Multilateral Thamizh Journal) 23-24 December, 2021 - Special Issue (ISSN: 2321-984X) Third International Multi-Disciplinary Conference On "Emerging Trends in Humanities, Commerce, Management, Science and Technology 2021. (IMCET – 2021)" Organized by: Rayat Shiksan Sanstha's Balwant College, Vita, Maharashtra. the interviews and observations through the questionnaire methods. In the questionnaire that there are 12 questions about 221 people are Register in MG-nerga in Igatpuri Block, gender of the respondent, age of the respondent, current job, educational qualification, area of specialization, addiction, monthly expenditure, the living and working condition, with other related questions of the MG-NREGA works.

To study the impact of migrated people from rural to urban researcher selected to study the socio-economic status in Igatpuri district with the authorized data from Registered People in MG-NERGA Scheme . The sample are collected from MG-NERGA Scheme labors who currently residing in Igatpuri block . The selective method of stratified sampling Method is adopted to keep the representation of all Igatpuri block as far as possible to avail the data. The researcher will use both primary as well as secondary source of data. And different method has been used for the analysis of data. For showing the work distribution, expenditure, addiction ,and livelihood activity of paddy farmers in MG-NERGA it shown in bar and pie diagram has been prepared.

### Selection of Block

To study the impact of Migrated tribal people from rural to urban researcher selected to study the socio-economic status of Igatpuri Block in Nashik district with the authorized data from Registered People in MG-NERGA Scheme

No.	Name of Tehsil	Number of villages	Selected villages for sample size	No of Registered families	Total Registered People in MG- NERGA Scheme	Selected People in MG- NERGA for sample size
1.	Igatpuri	152	26	21580	36928	221
	Block					
Total	-	152	26	21580	3,6928	221

### **Objective**

- 1. To study the paddy farmers causes of migration.
- 2. find out is really MG-NREGA An Alternative To Migration.
- 3. To Examine socio and economic causes of rural-urban migration of tribal people in Igatpuri Block.
- 4. To find out problem of Migration and suggest major suggestion.

### **Data Analysis**

Figure: 1 Workers (Gender wise)

Workers (Gender wise)	No. of Workers	Percentage wise (%)	
Male	158	71.49%	
Female	63	28.51%	
Total	221	100 %	

### Source: primary survey

நவீனத் தமிழாய்வு (பன்னாட்டுப் பன்முகத் தமிழ் காலாண்டு ஆய்விதழ்) 23-24 டிசம்பர் 2021 - சிறப்பிதழ் (ISSN: 2321-984X) Modem Thamizh Research (A Quarterly International Multilateral Thamizh Journal) 23-24 December, 2021 - Special Issue (ISSN: 2321-984X) Third International Multi-Disciplinary Conference On "Emerging Trends in Humanities, Commerce, Management, Science and Technology 2021. (IMCET – 2021)" Organized by: Rayat Shiksan Sanstha's Balwant College, Vita, Maharashtra.